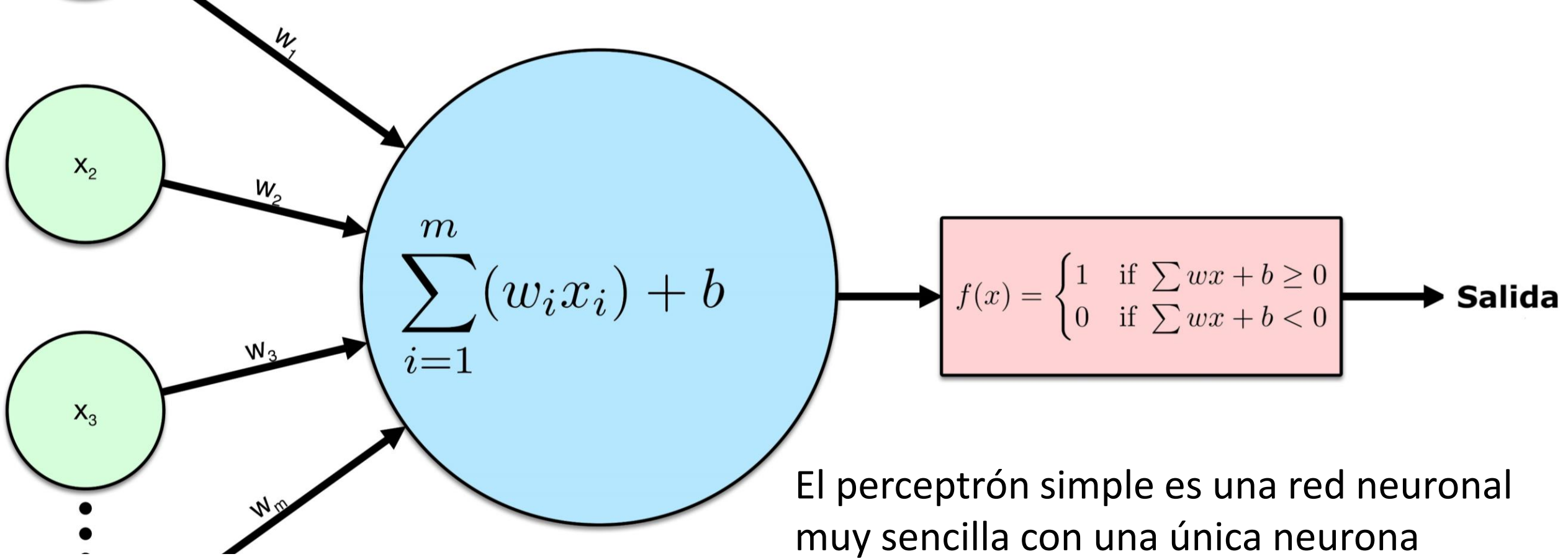


PERCEPTRÓN SIMPLE

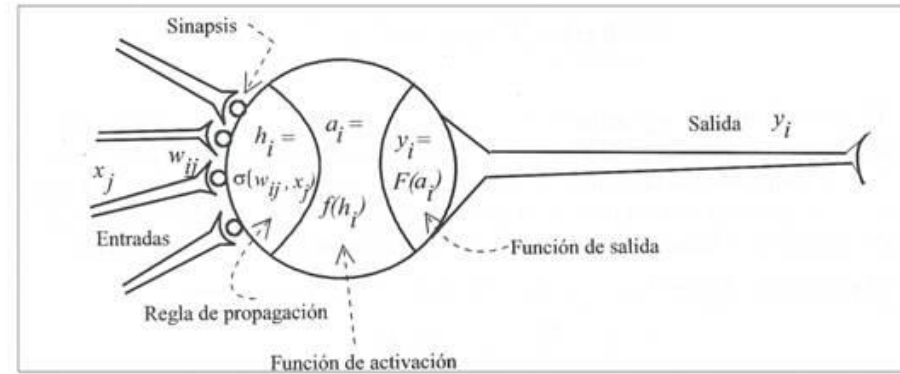
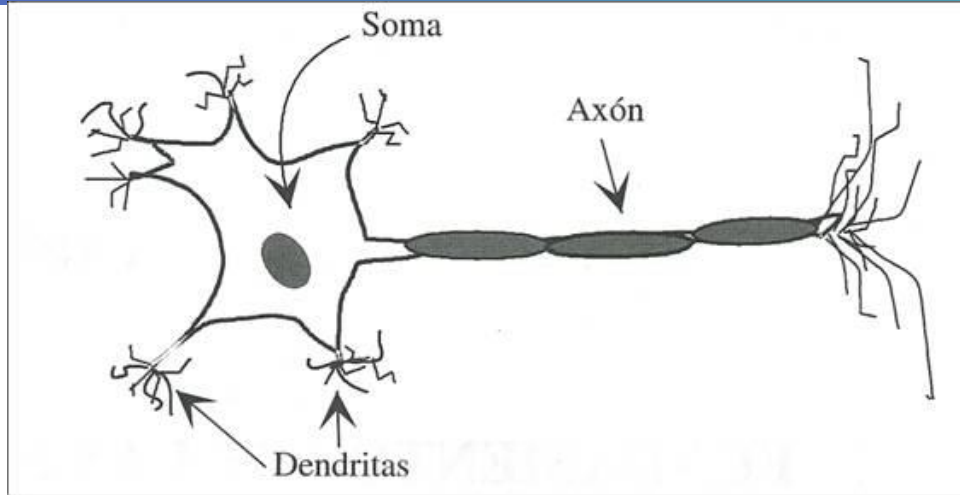




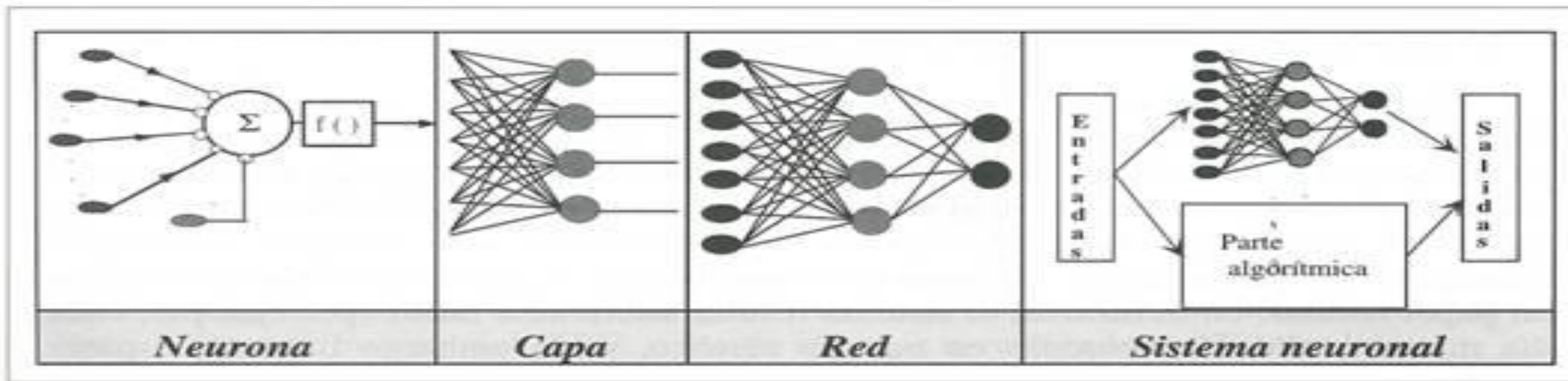
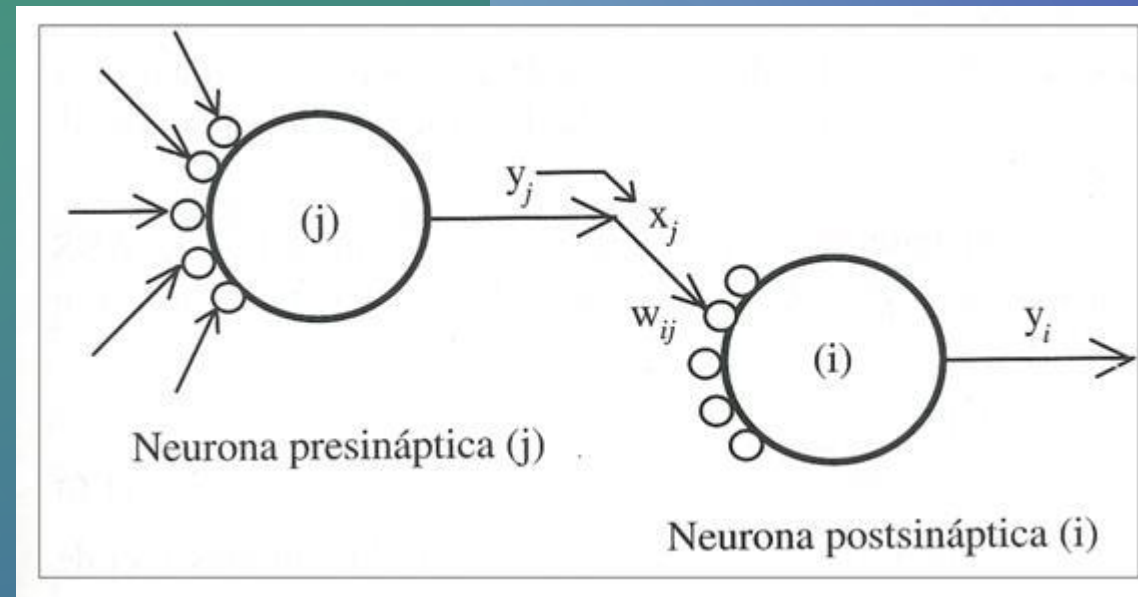
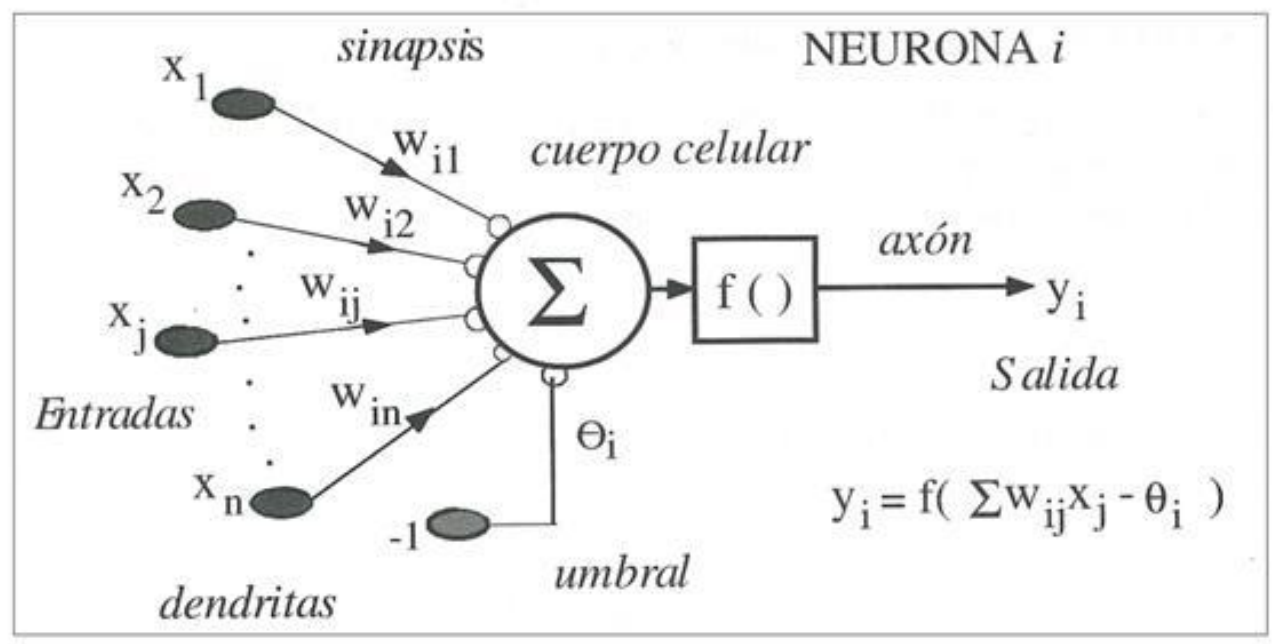
PERCEPTRÓN SIMPLE

El perceptrón simple es una red neuronal muy sencilla con una única neurona binaria (función de activación escalón) en la capa de salida que puede entrenarse para clasificar un conjunto de datos de entrada en dos categorías.

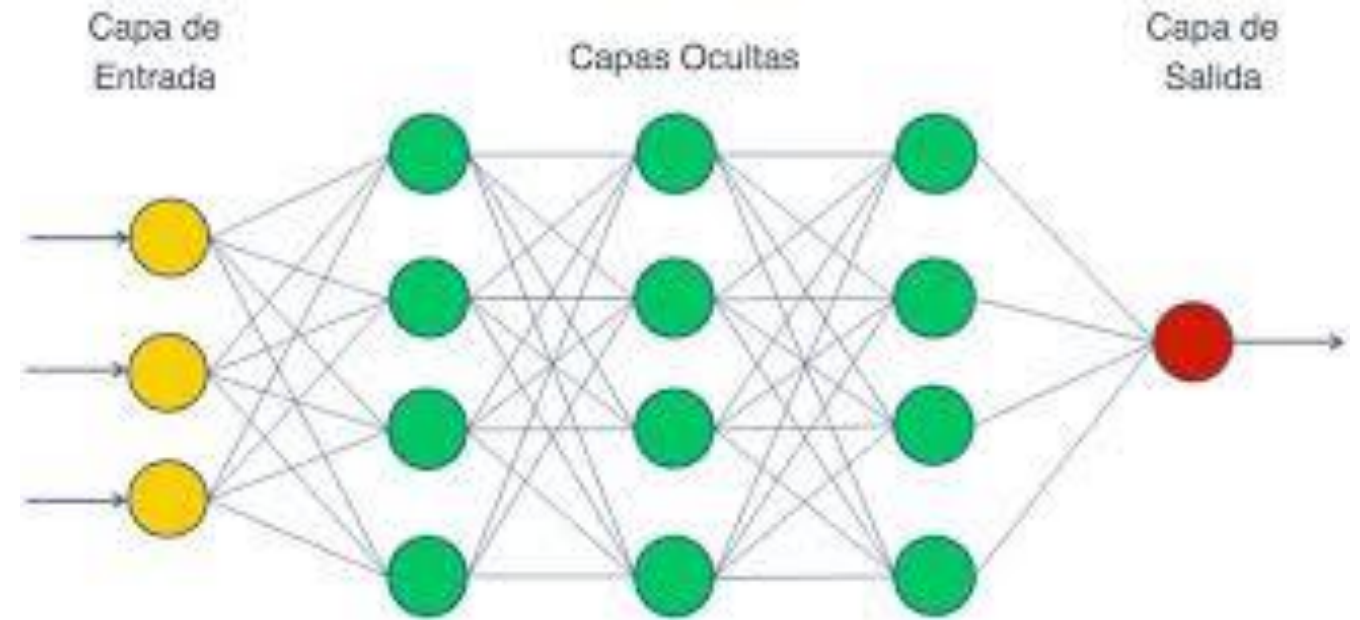
NEURONA REAL



La interacción es sináptica



PERCEPTRÓN



Perceptrón

¿Cuándo usarlo?

Algoritmo de aprendizaje supervisado

El perceptrón es un algoritmo de aprendizaje supervisado, por lo que necesita de un conjunto de datos con sus salidas deseadas o labels.

Clasificador binario

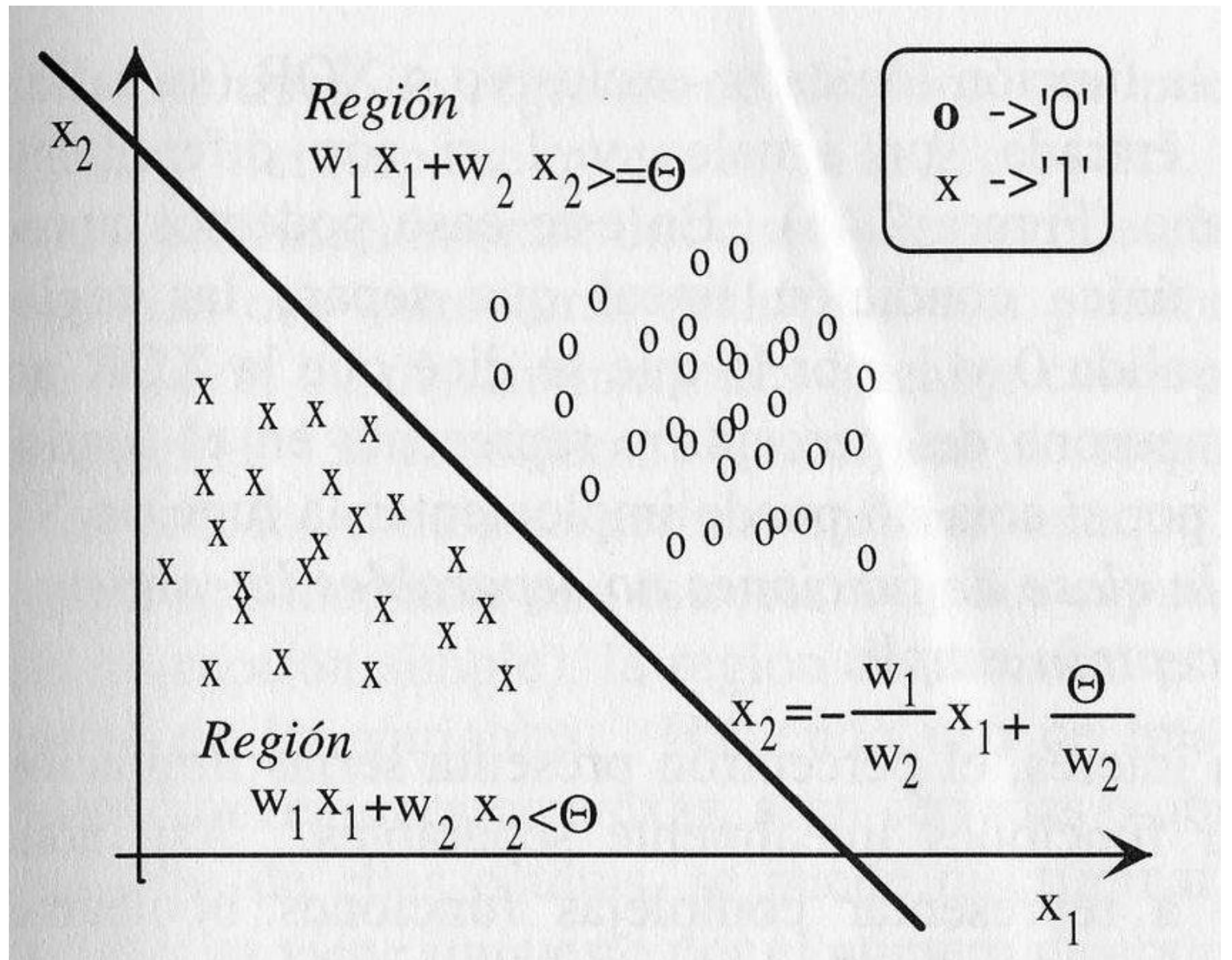
Este se puede usar en problemas de clasificación en donde solo existen dos posibles resultados: si o no, verdadero o falso, 1 o 0.

Datos linealmente separables

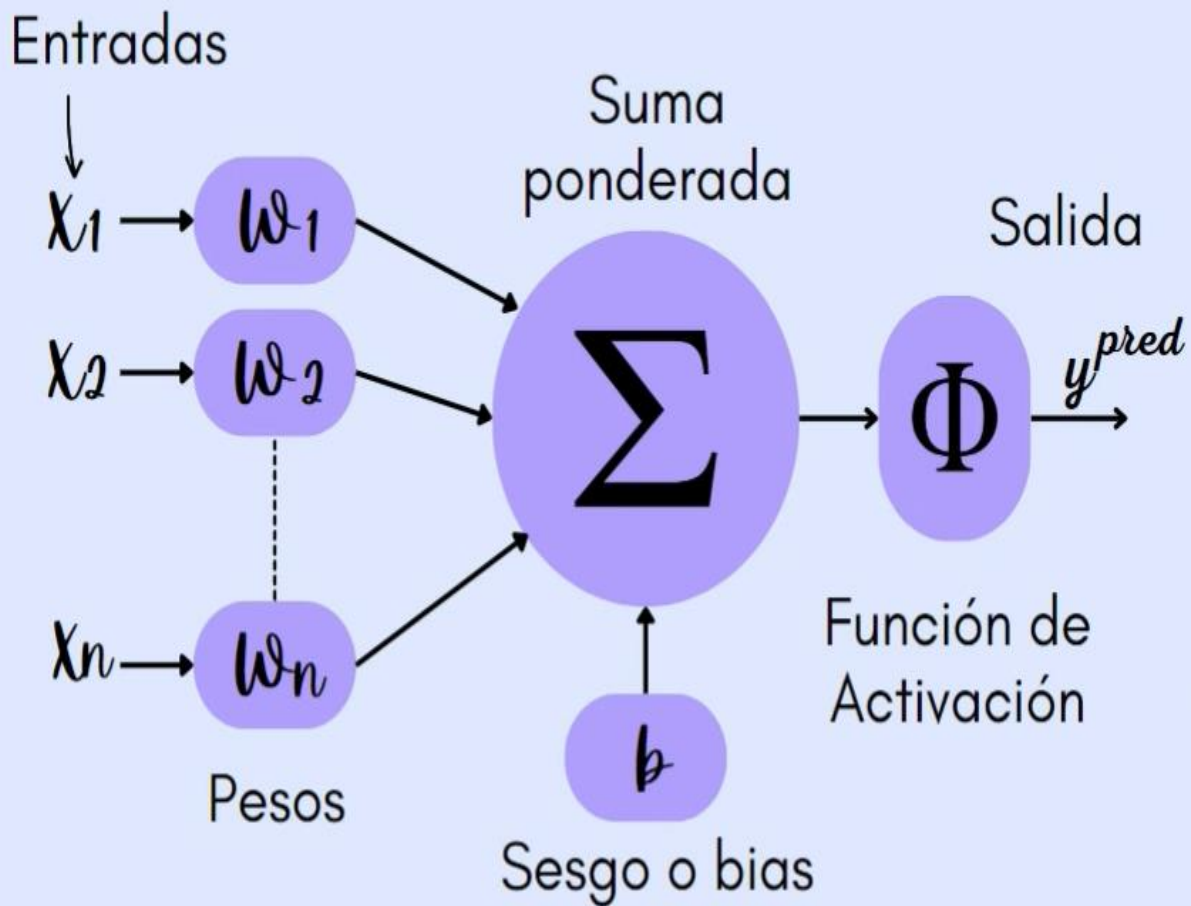
Si se conoce que el conjunto de datos es linealmente separable, el perceptrón puede ser una elección eficiente y efectiva.

DATOS LINEALMENTE SEPARABLES

SI SE PUEDEN DIVIDIR
LOS RESULTADOS Y
AGRUPAR PODEMOS
UTILIZAR UN
PERCEPTRÓN SIMPLE.



Perceptrón



Suma ponderada

$$z = w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + \dots + w_n x_n + b$$

$$z = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i + b$$

Función de activación

$$\Phi(z) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{si } z > \theta; \\ 0 & \text{de lo contrario} \end{cases}$$

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(z) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{si } z > 0; \\ 0 & \text{de lo contrario} \end{cases}$$

Actualizar pesos

$$w_i^{nuevo} = w_i^{anterior} + \Delta w_i$$

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred}) x_i$$

Actualizar bias

$$b^{nuevo} = b^{anterior} + \Delta b$$

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred})$$

x_1	x_2	x_1 AND x_2
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$y = mx + b$

$$z = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i + b$$

Actualizar pesos

$$w_i^{nuevo} = w_i^{anterior} + \Delta w_i$$

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred}) x_i$$

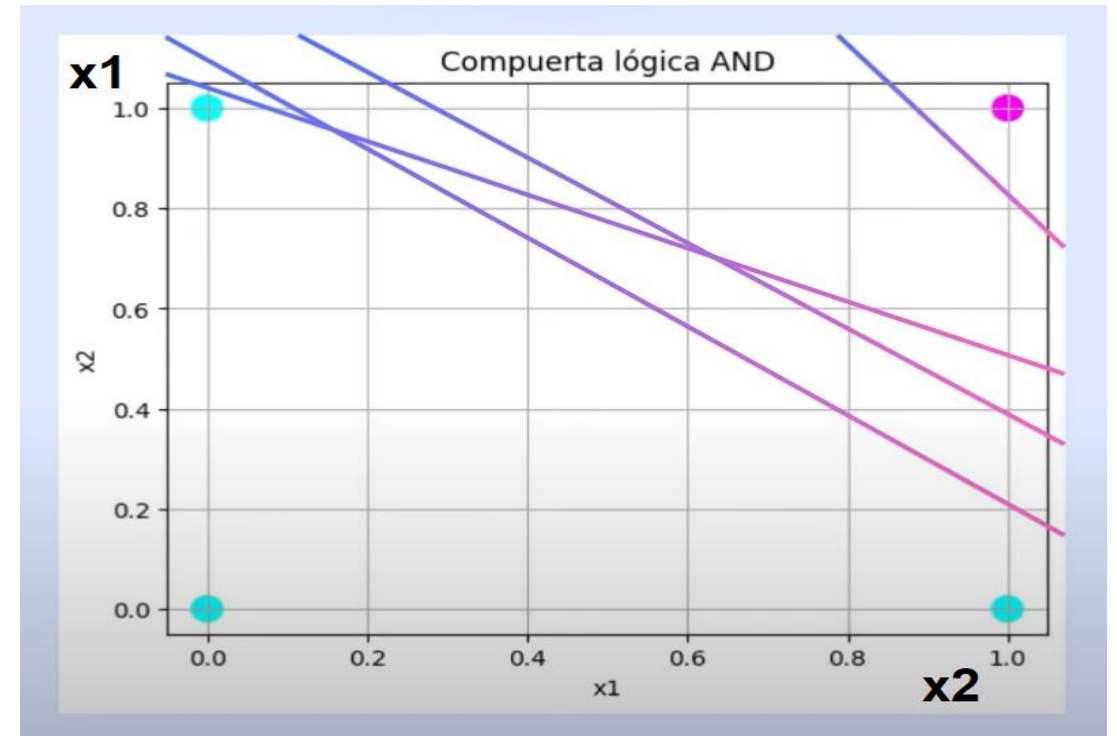
↑
 η = Taza de aprendizaje

Actualizar bias

$$b^{nuevo} = b^{anterior} + \Delta b$$

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred})$$

↑

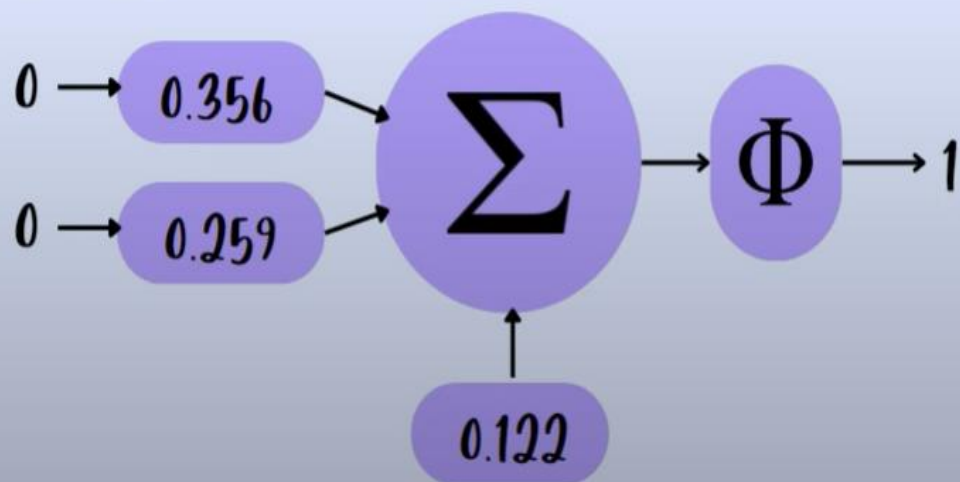


Ejemplo: Compuerta lógica AND

Iteración 1

x_1	x_2	$x_1 \text{ AND } x_2$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$\eta = 0.05$



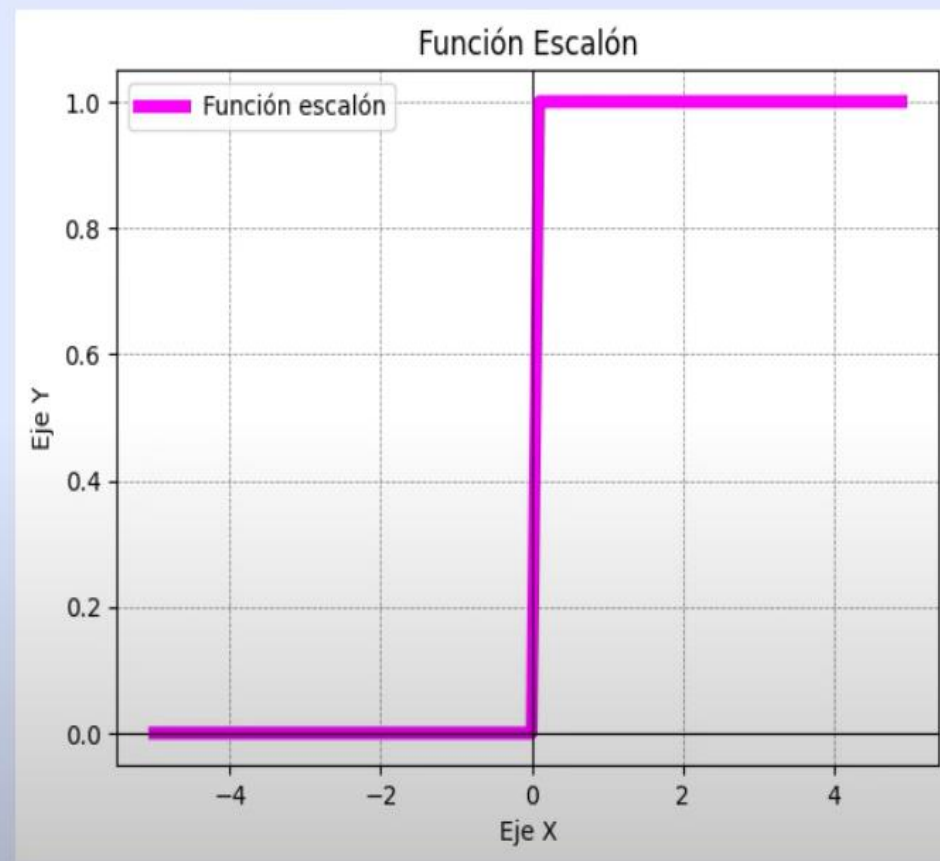
Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.356 * 0 + 0.259 * 0 + 0.122$$

$$z = 0.122$$

Función de activación

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(0.122) = 1$$

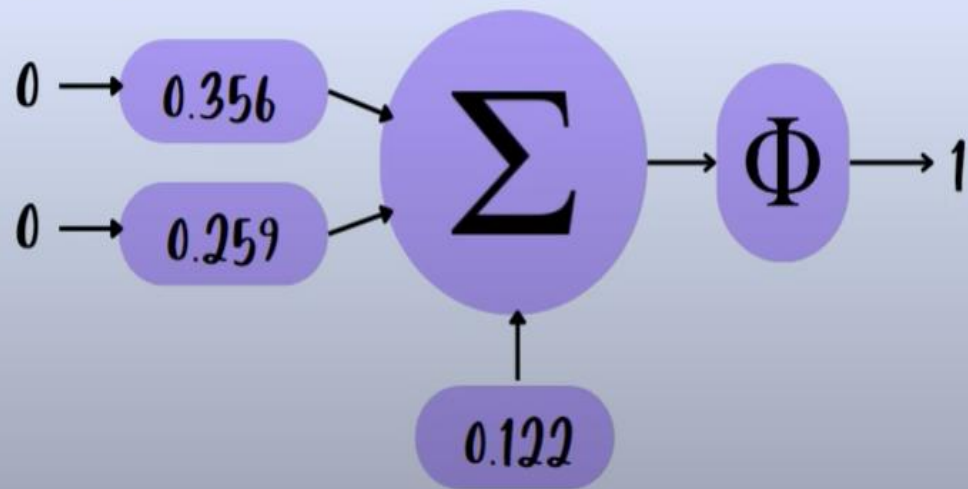


Ejemplo: Computera logica AND

Iteración 1

x_1	x_2	$x_1 \text{ AND } x_2$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$$\eta = 0.05$$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.356 * 0 + 0.259 * 0 + 0.122$$

$$z = 0.122$$

Actualizar pesos

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred}) x_i$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 0$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 0$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0$$

Actualizar bias

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred})$$

$$\Delta b = 0.05 * (0 - 1)$$

$$\Delta b = -0.05$$

Función de activación

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(0.122) = 1$$

$$w_i^{nuevo} = w_i^{anterior} + \Delta w_i$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.356 + 0$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.356$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.259 + 0$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.259$$

$$b^{nuevo} = b^{anterior} + \Delta b$$

$$b^{nuevo} = 0.122 + (-0.05)$$

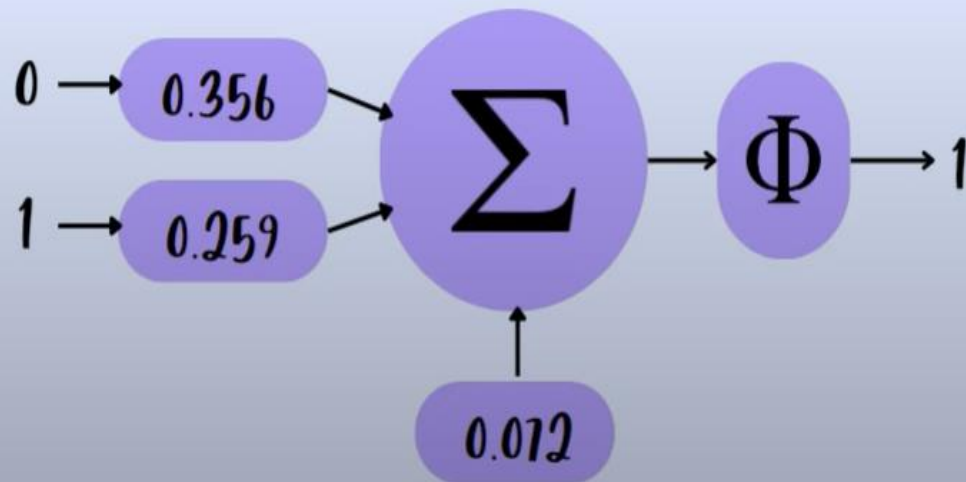
$$b^{nuevo} = 0.072$$

Ejemplo: Compuerta lógica AND

Iteración 1

x_1	x_2	$x_1 \text{ AND } x_2$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$\eta = 0.05$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.356 * 0 + 0.259 * 1 + 0.072$$

$$z = \mathbf{0.331}$$

Actualizar pesos

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{\text{real}} - y^{\text{pred}}) x_i$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 0$$

$$\Delta w_1 = \mathbf{0}$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 1$$

$$\Delta w_2 = \mathbf{-0.05}$$

Actualizar bias

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{\text{real}} - y^{\text{pred}})$$

$$\Delta b = 0.05 * (0 - 1)$$

$$\Delta b = \mathbf{-0.05}$$

Función de activación

$$y^{\text{pred}} = \Phi(0.331) = \mathbf{1}$$

$$w_i^{\text{nuevo}} = w_i^{\text{anterior}} + \Delta w_i$$

$$w_1^{\text{nuevo}} = 0.356 + 0$$

$$w_1^{\text{nuevo}} = \mathbf{0.356}$$

$$w_2^{\text{nuevo}} = 0.259 + (-0.05)$$

$$w_2^{\text{nuevo}} = \mathbf{0.209}$$

$$b^{\text{nuevo}} = b^{\text{anterior}} + \Delta b$$

$$b^{\text{nuevo}} = 0.072 + (-0.05)$$

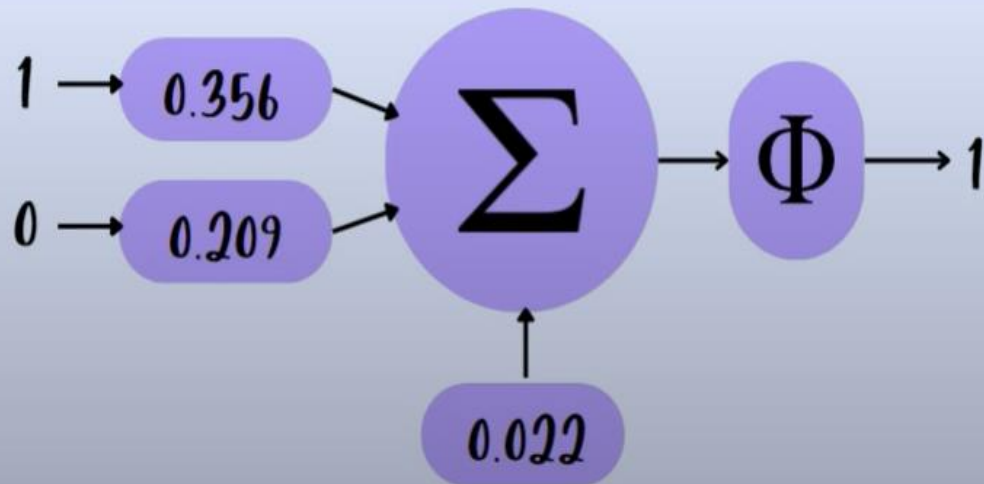
$$b^{\text{nuevo}} = \mathbf{0.022}$$

Ejemplo: Computera lógica AND

Iteración 1

x_1	x_2	x_1 AND x_2
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$\eta = 0.05$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.356 * 1 + 0.209 * 0 + 0.022$$

$$z = \mathbf{0.378}$$

Actualizar pesos

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred}) x_i$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 1$$

$$\Delta w_1 = \mathbf{-0.05}$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 0$$

$$\Delta w_2 = \mathbf{0}$$

Actualizar bias

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred})$$

$$\Delta b = 0.05 * (0 - 1)$$

$$\Delta b = \mathbf{-0.05}$$

Función de activación

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(0.378) = \mathbf{1}$$

$$w_i^{nuevo} = w_i^{anterior} + \Delta w_i$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.356 + (-0.05)$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = \mathbf{0.306}$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.209 + 0$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = \mathbf{0.209}$$

$$b^{nuevo} = b^{anterior} + \Delta b$$

$$b^{nuevo} = 0.022 + (-0.05)$$

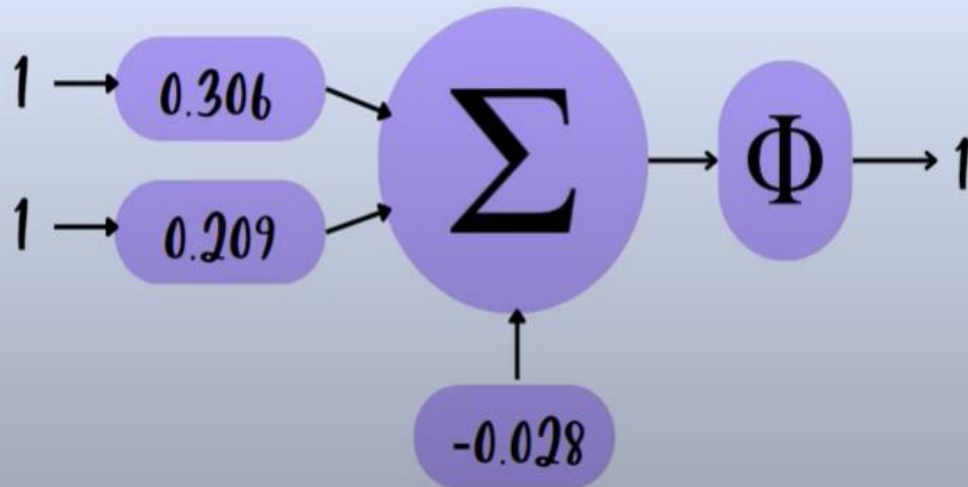
$$b^{nuevo} = \mathbf{-0.028}$$

Ejemplo: Puerta lógica AND

Iteración 1

x_1	x_2	x_1 AND x_2
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$$\eta = 0.05$$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.306 * 1 + 0.209 * 1 - 0.028$$
$$z = 0.487$$

Actualizar pesos

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred}) x_i$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0.05 * (1 - 1) * 1$$
$$\Delta w_1 = 0$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0.05 * (1 - 1) * 1$$
$$\Delta w_2 = 0$$

Actualizar bias

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred})$$

$$\Delta b = 0.05 * (1 - 1)$$
$$\Delta b = 0$$

Función de activación

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(0.487) = 1$$

$$w_i^{nuevo} = w_i^{anterior} + \Delta w_i$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.306 + 0$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.306$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.209 + 0$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.209$$

$$b^{nuevo} = b^{anterior} + \Delta b$$

$$b^{nuevo} = -0.028 + 0$$

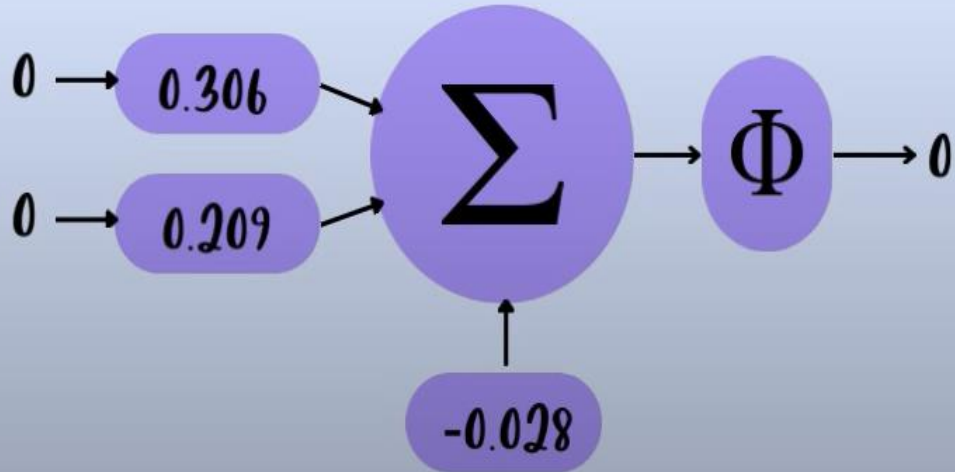
$$b^{nuevo} = -0.028$$

Ejemplo: Computera lógica AND

Iteración 2

x_1	x_2	x_1 AND x_2
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$\eta = 0.05$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.306 * 0 + 0.209 * 0 - 0.028$$
$$z = -0.028$$

Actualizar pesos

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred}) x_i$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0.05 * (0 - 0) * 0$$
$$\Delta w_1 = 0$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0.05 * (0 - 0) * 0$$
$$\Delta w_2 = 0$$

Actualizar bias

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred})$$

$$\Delta b = 0.05 * (0 - 0)$$
$$\Delta b = 0$$

Función de activación

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(-0.028) = 0$$

$$w_i^{nuevo} = w_i^{anterior} + \Delta w_i$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.306 + 0$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.306$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.209 + 0$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.209$$

$$b^{nuevo} = b^{anterior} + \Delta b$$

$$b^{nuevo} = -0.028 + 0$$

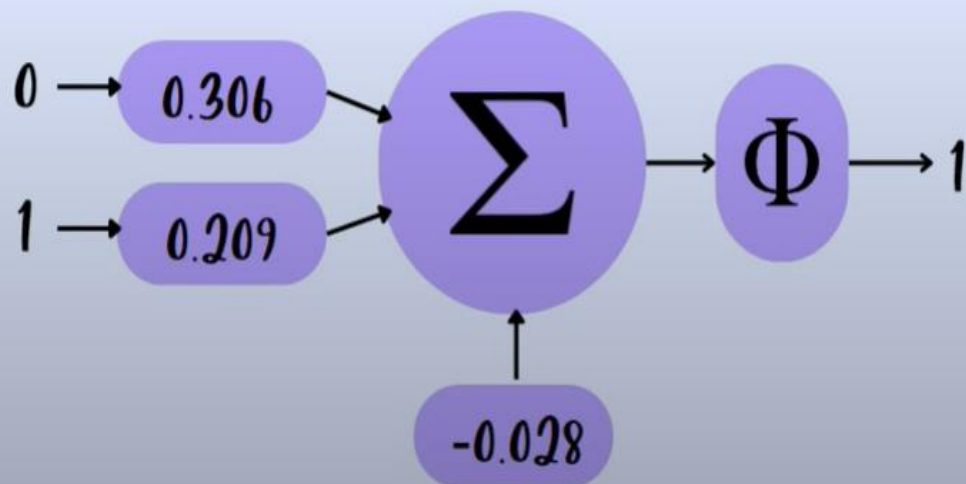
$$b^{nuevo} = -0.028$$

Ejemplo: Computera logica AND

Iteración 2

x_1	x_2	$x_1 \text{ AND } x_2$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$\eta = 0.05$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.306 * 0 + 0.209 * 1 - 0.028$$
$$z = 0.181$$

Actualizar pesos

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred}) x_i$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 0$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 1$$

$$\Delta w_2 = -0.05$$

Actualizar bias

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred})$$

$$\Delta b = 0.05 * (0 - 1)$$

$$\Delta b = -0.05$$

Función de activación

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(0.181) = 1$$

$$w_i^{nuevo} = w_i^{anterior} + \Delta w_i$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.306 + 0$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.306$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.209 + (-0.05)$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.159$$

$$b^{nuevo} = b^{anterior} + \Delta b$$

$$b^{nuevo} = -0.028 + (-0.05)$$

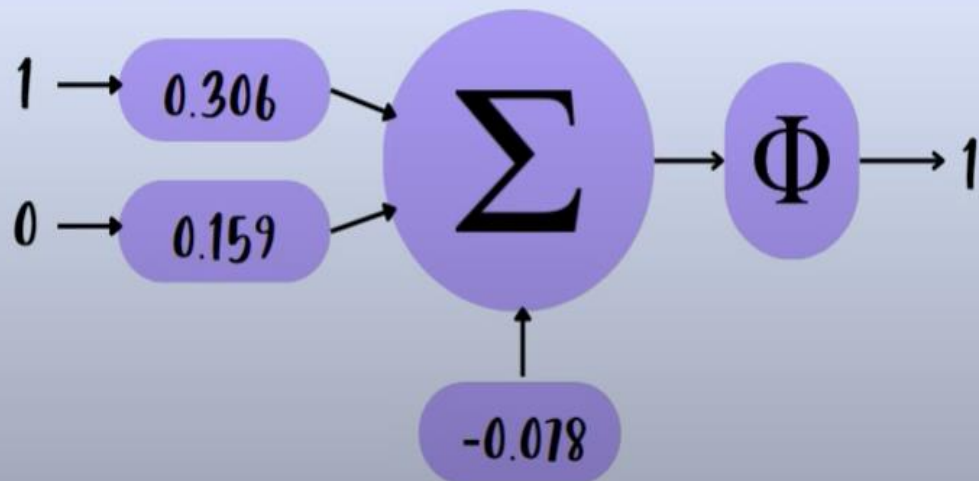
$$b^{nuevo} = -0.078$$

Ejemplo: Puerta lógica AND

Iteración 2

x_1	x_2	$x_1 \text{ AND } x_2$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$\eta = 0.05$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.306 * 1 + 0.209 * 0 - 0.078$$

$$z = 0.228$$

Actualizar pesos

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{\text{real}} - y^{\text{pred}}) x_i$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 1$$

$$\Delta w_1 = -0.05$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 0$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0$$

Actualizar bias

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{\text{real}} - y^{\text{pred}})$$

$$\Delta b = 0.05 * (0 - 1)$$

$$\Delta b = -0.05$$

Función de activación

$$y^{\text{pred}} = \Phi(0.228) = 1$$

$$w_i^{\text{nuevo}} = w_i^{\text{anterior}} + \Delta w_i$$

$$w_1^{\text{nuevo}} = 0.306 + (-0.05)$$

$$w_1^{\text{nuevo}} = 0.256$$

$$w_2^{\text{nuevo}} = 0.159 + 0$$

$$w_2^{\text{nuevo}} = 0.159$$

$$b^{\text{nuevo}} = b^{\text{anterior}} + \Delta b$$

$$b^{\text{nuevo}} = -0.078 + (-0.05)$$

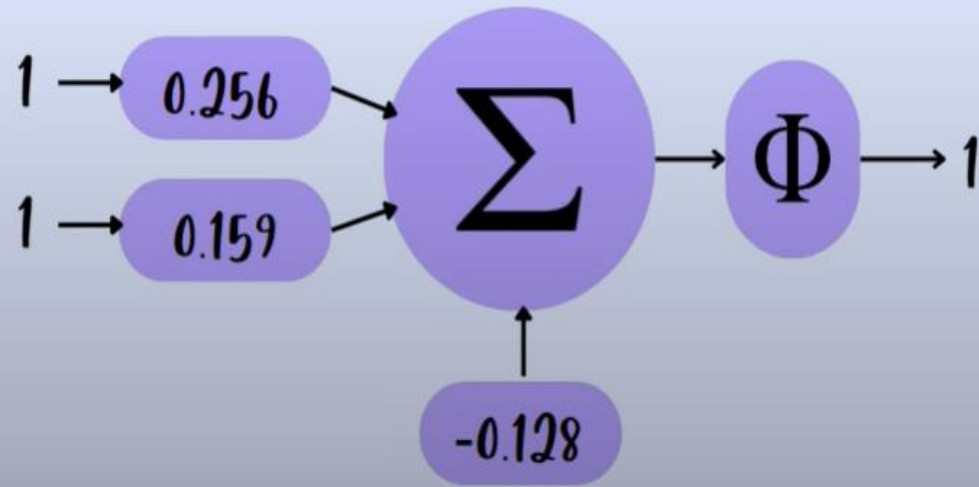
$$b^{\text{nuevo}} = -0.128$$

Ejemplo: Puerta lógica AND

Iteración 2

x_1	x_2	$x_1 \text{ AND } x_2$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$\eta = 0.05$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.256 * 1 + 0.159 * 1 - 0.128$$

$$z = 0.287$$

Actualizar pesos

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{\text{real}} - y^{\text{pred}}) x_i$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0.05 * (1 - 1) * 1$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0.05 * (1 - 1) * 1$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0$$

Actualizar bias

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{\text{real}} - y^{\text{pred}})$$

$$\Delta b = 0.05 * (1 - 1)$$

$$\Delta b = 0$$

Función de activación

$$y^{\text{pred}} = \Phi(0.287) = 1$$

$$w_i^{\text{nuevo}} = w_i^{\text{anterior}} + \Delta w_i$$

$$w_1^{\text{nuevo}} = 0.256 + 0$$

$$w_1^{\text{nuevo}} = 0.256$$

$$w_2^{\text{nuevo}} = 0.159 + 0$$

$$w_2^{\text{nuevo}} = 0.159$$

$$b^{\text{nuevo}} = b^{\text{anterior}} + \Delta b$$

$$b^{\text{nuevo}} = -0.128 + 0$$

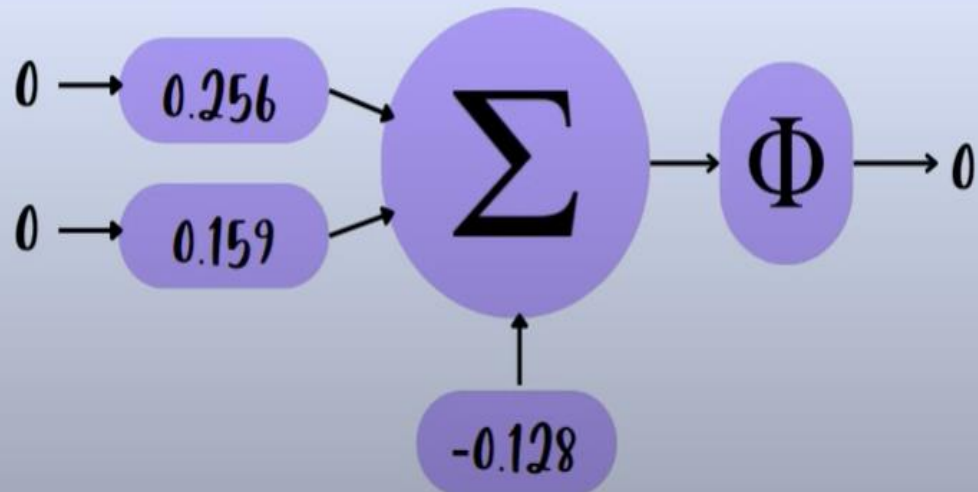
$$b^{\text{nuevo}} = -0.128$$

Ejemplo: Computera logica AND

Iteración 3

x_1	x_2	$x_1 \text{ AND } x_2$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$$\eta = 0.05$$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.256 * 0 + 0.159 * 0 - 0.128$$

$$z = -0.128$$

Actualizar pesos

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred}) x_i$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0.05 * (0 - 0) * 0$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0.05 * (0 - 0) * 0$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0$$

Actualizar bias

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred})$$

$$\Delta b = 0.05 * (0 - 0)$$

$$\Delta b = 0$$

Función de activación

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(-0.128) = 0$$

$$w_i^{nuevo} = w_i^{anterior} + \Delta w_i$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.256 + 0$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.256$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.159 + 0$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.159$$

$$b^{nuevo} = b^{anterior} + \Delta b$$

$$b^{nuevo} = -0.128 + 0$$

$$b^{nuevo} = -0.128$$

Ejemplo: Computera logica AND

Iteración 3

Suma ponderada

Función de activación

$$z = 0.256 * 0 + 0.159 * 1 - 0.128$$

$$z = \mathbf{0.031}$$

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(0.031) = 1$$

Actualizar pesos

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred}) x_i$$

$$w_i^{nuevo} = w_i^{anterior} + \Delta w_i$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 0$$

$$\Delta w_1 = \mathbf{0}$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.256 + 0$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = \mathbf{0.256}$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 1$$

$$\Delta w_2 = \mathbf{-0.05}$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.159 + (-0.05)$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = \mathbf{0.109}$$

Actualizar bias

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred})$$

$$b^{nuevo} = b^{anterior} + \Delta b$$

$$\Delta b = 0.05 * (0 - 1)$$

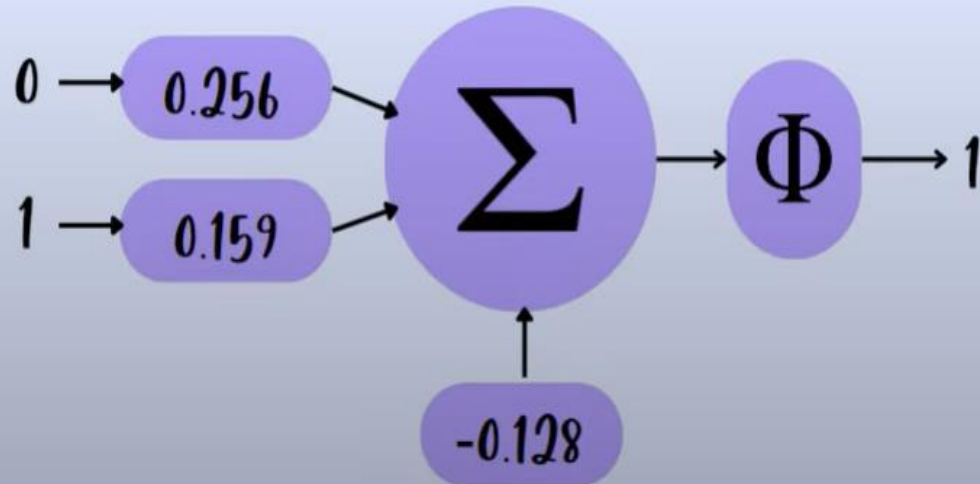
$$\Delta b = \mathbf{-0.05}$$

$$b^{nuevo} = -0.128 + (-0.05)$$

$$b^{nuevo} = \mathbf{-0.178}$$

x_1	x_2	$x_1 \text{ AND } x_2$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$$\eta = 0.05$$

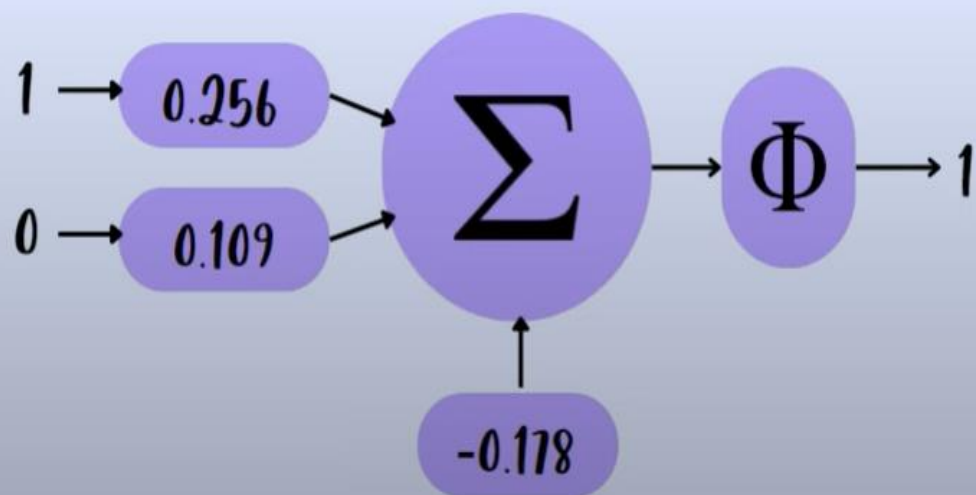


Ejemplo: Computera lógica AND

Iteración 3

x_1	x_2	$x_1 \text{ AND } x_2$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$\eta = 0.05$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.256 * 1 + 0.109 * 0 - 0.178$$

$$z = \mathbf{0.078}$$

Actualizar pesos

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred}) x_i$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 1$$

$$\Delta w_1 = \mathbf{-0.05}$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0.05 * (0 - 1) * 0$$

$$\Delta w_2 = \mathbf{0}$$

Actualizar bias

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred})$$

$$\Delta b = 0.05 * (0 - 1)$$

$$\Delta b = \mathbf{-0.05}$$

Función de activación

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(0.078) = \mathbf{1}$$

$$w_i^{nuevo} = w_i^{anterior} + \Delta w_i$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.256 + (-0.05)$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = \mathbf{0.206}$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.109 + 0$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = \mathbf{0.109}$$

$$b^{nuevo} = b^{anterior} + \Delta b$$

$$b^{nuevo} = -0.178 + (-0.05)$$

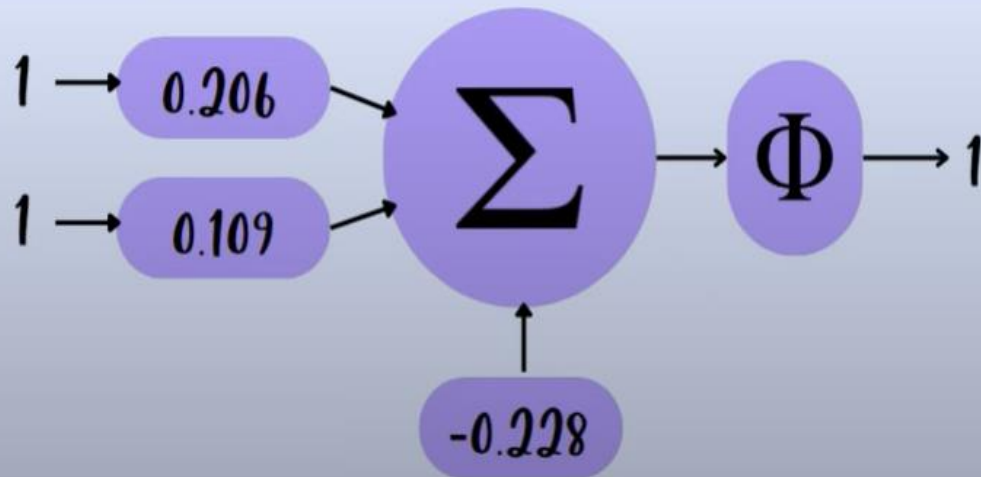
$$b^{nuevo} = \mathbf{-0.228}$$

Ejemplo: Computera lógica AND

Iteración 3

x_1	x_2	x_1 AND x_2
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$\eta = 0.05$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.206 * 1 + 0.109 * 1 - 0.228$$

$$z = 0.087$$

Actualizar pesos

$$\Delta w_i = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred}) x_i$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0.05 * (1 - 1) * 1$$

$$\Delta w_1 = 0$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0.05 * (1 - 1) * 1$$

$$\Delta w_2 = 0$$

Actualizar bias

$$\Delta b = \eta (y^{real} - y^{pred})$$

$$\Delta b = 0.05 * (1 - 1)$$

$$\Delta b = 0$$

Función de activación

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(0.087) = 1$$

$$w_i^{nuevo} = w_i^{anterior} + \Delta w_i$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.206 + 0$$

$$w_1^{nuevo} = 0.206$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.109 + 0$$

$$w_2^{nuevo} = 0.109$$

$$b^{nuevo} = b^{anterior} + \Delta b$$

$$b^{nuevo} = -0.228 + 0$$

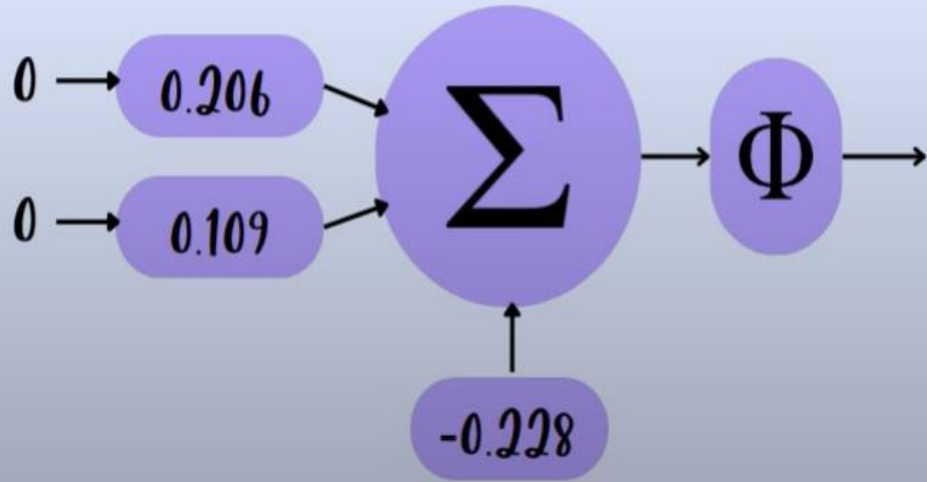
$$b^{nuevo} = -0.228$$

Ejemplo: Computera lógica AND

Iteración 4

x_1	x_2	x_1 AND x_2
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$\eta = 0.05$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.206 * 0 + 0.109 * 0 - 0.228$$

$$z = -0.228$$

Error

$$error = y^{real} - y^{pred}$$

Error fila 1

$$error = 0 - 0$$

$$error = 0$$

Función de activación

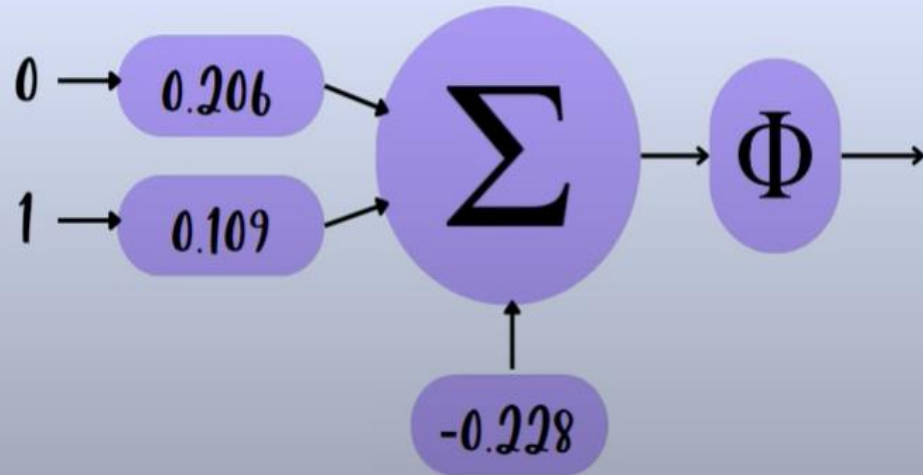
$$y^{pred} = \Phi(-0.228) = 0$$

Ejemplo: Computera lógica AND

Iteración 4

x_1	x_2	$x_1 \text{ AND } x_2$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$\eta = 0.05$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.206 * 0 + 0.109 * 1 - 0.228$$
$$z = -0.119$$

Error

$$error = y^{real} - y^{pred}$$

Error fila 1

$$error = 0 - 0$$
$$error = 0$$

Función de activación

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(-0.119) = 0$$

Error fila 2

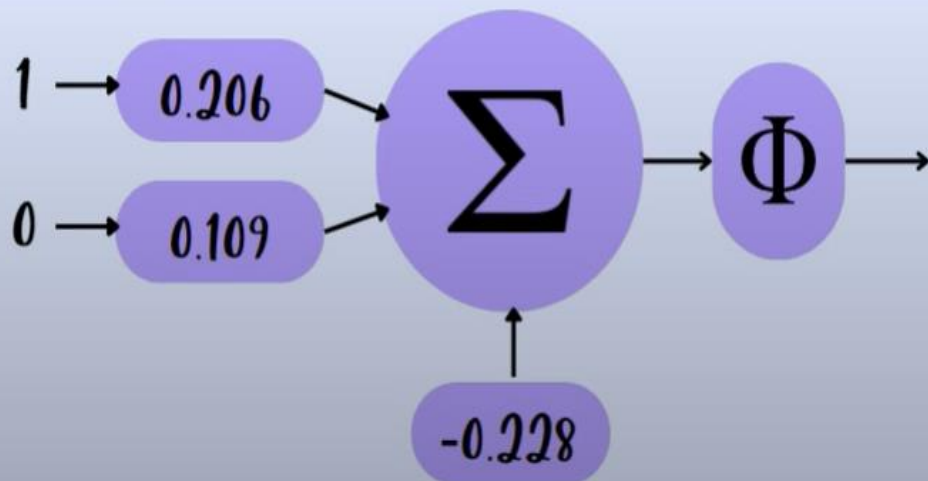
$$error = 0 - 0$$
$$error = 0$$

Ejemplo: Puerta lógica AND

Iteración 4

x_1	x_2	$x_1 \text{ AND } x_2$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$\eta = 0.05$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.206 * 1 + 0.109 * 0 - 0.228$$
$$z = -0.022$$

Función de activación

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(-0.022) = 0$$

Error

$$error = y^{real} - y^{pred}$$

Error fila 1

$$error = 0 - 0$$
$$error = 0$$

Error fila 2

$$error = 0 - 0$$
$$error = 0$$

Error fila 3

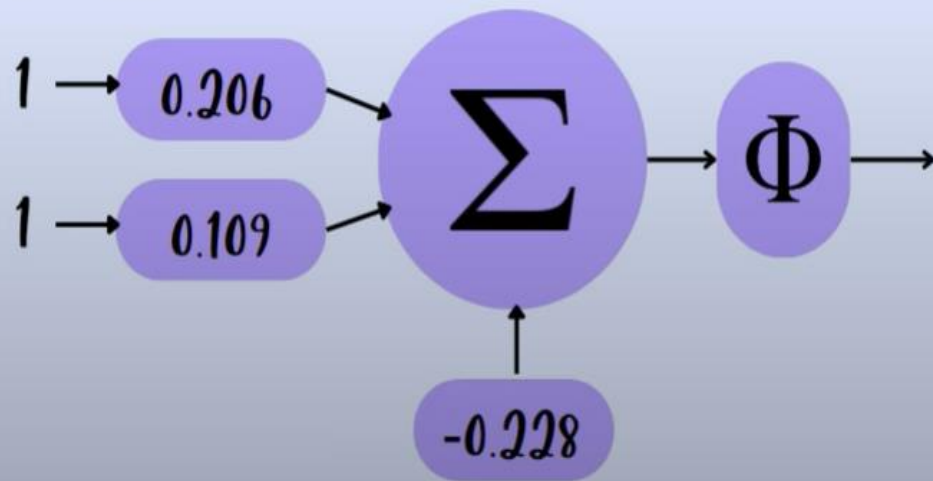
$$error = 0 - 0$$
$$error = 0$$

Ejemplo: Computera lógica AND

Iteración 4

x_1	x_2	$x_1 \text{ AND } x_2$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

$\eta = 0.05$



Suma ponderada

$$z = 0.206 * 1 + 0.109 * 1 - 0.228$$
$$z = \mathbf{0.087}$$

Error

$$error = y^{real} - y^{pred}$$

Error fila 1

$$error = 0 - 0$$
$$wrror = 0$$

Error fila 3

$$error = 0 - 0$$
$$wrror = 0$$

Función de activación

$$y^{pred} = \Phi(0.087) = 1$$

Error fila 2

$$error = 0 - 0$$
$$wrror = 0$$

Error fila 4

$$error = 1 - 1$$
$$wrror = 0$$

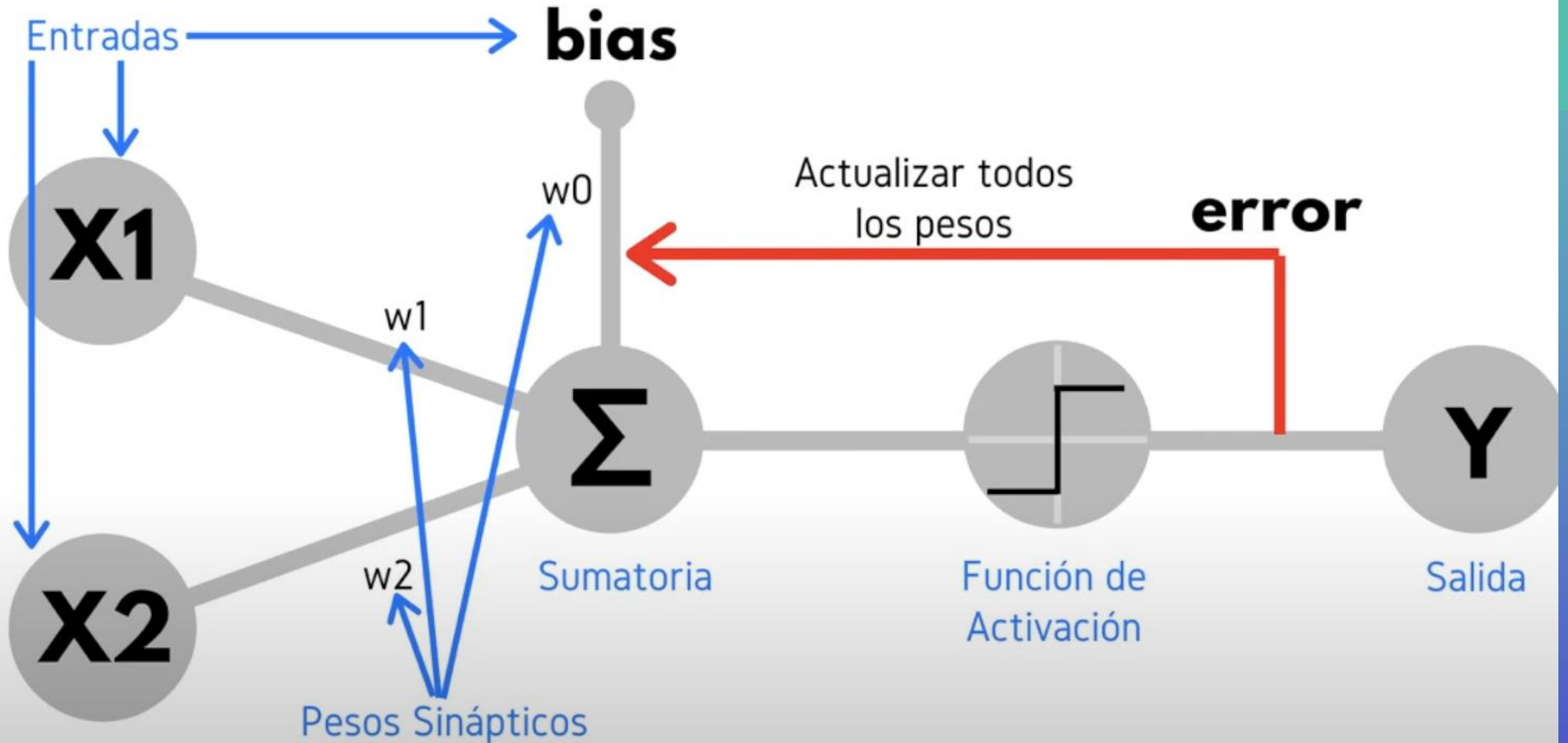
EJEMPLO 2

PASOS PARA ENTRENAR UN PERCEPTRÓN SIMPLE

- 1.- Identificar las **Entradas** y asignar valores aleatorios a los **Pesos**.
- 2.- Resolver la **Sumatoria** para encontrar el valor de y .
- 3.- Aplicar la **Función de Activación** a la salida y .
- 4.- Calcular el **error**, si $\text{error}=0$ regresar al paso 1 y repetir dependiendo la cantidad de entradas.
- 5.- En caso de que $\text{error}\neq 0$, actualizar los pesos y regresar al paso 1 para repetir dependiendo la cantidad de entradas.

ENTRENAMIENTO DEL PERCEPTRÓN

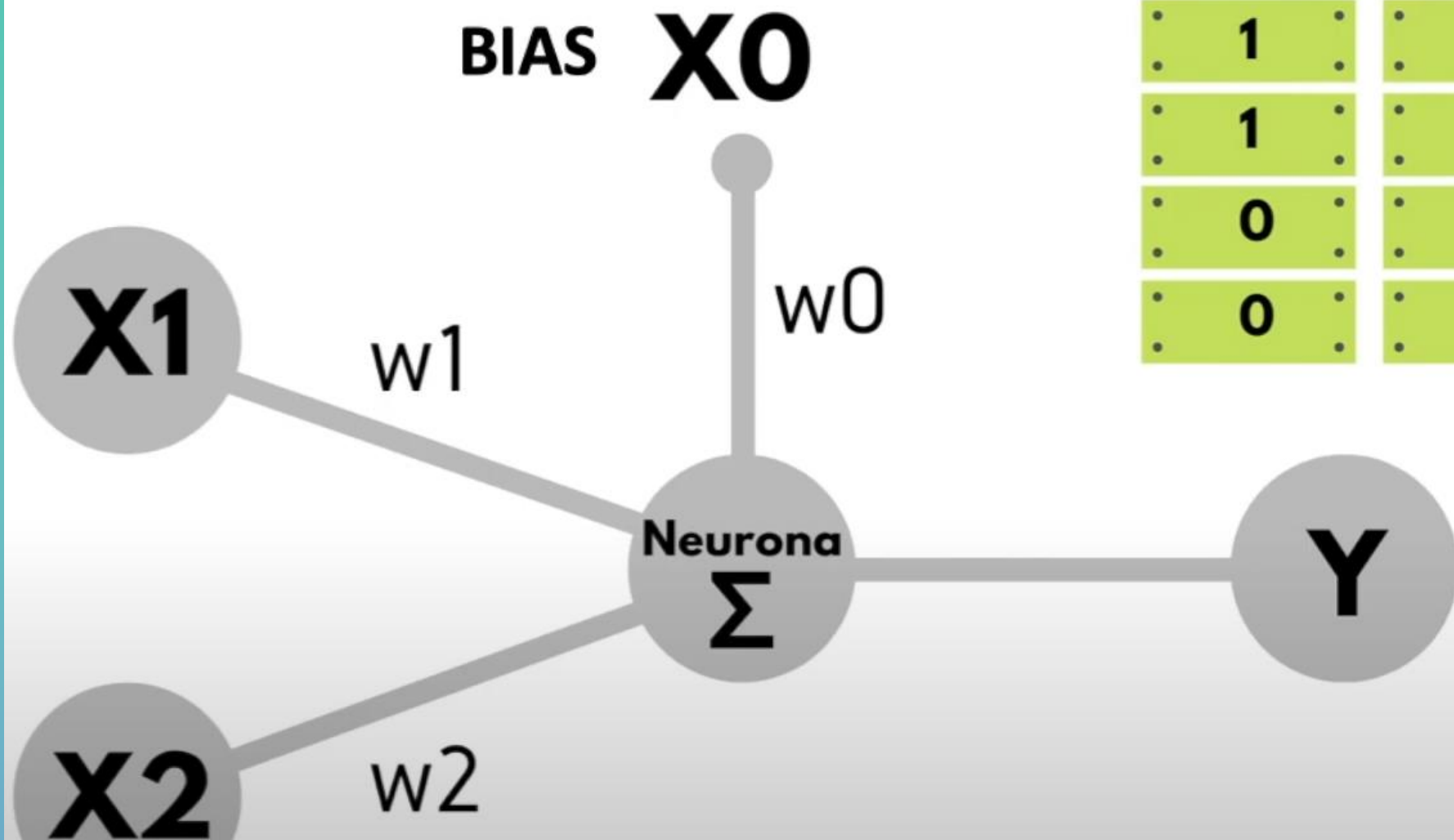
PERCEPTRÓN AND



PERCEPTRÓN AND

TABLA DE VERDAD AND

X1	X2	X1 AND X2
1	1	1
1	0	0
0	1	0
0	0	0



PERCEPTRÓN AND

TABLA DE VERDAD AND

BIAS $X_0 = 1$

X_1	X_2	$X_1 \text{ AND } X_2$ Y_D
1	1	1
1	0	0
0	1	0
0	0	0

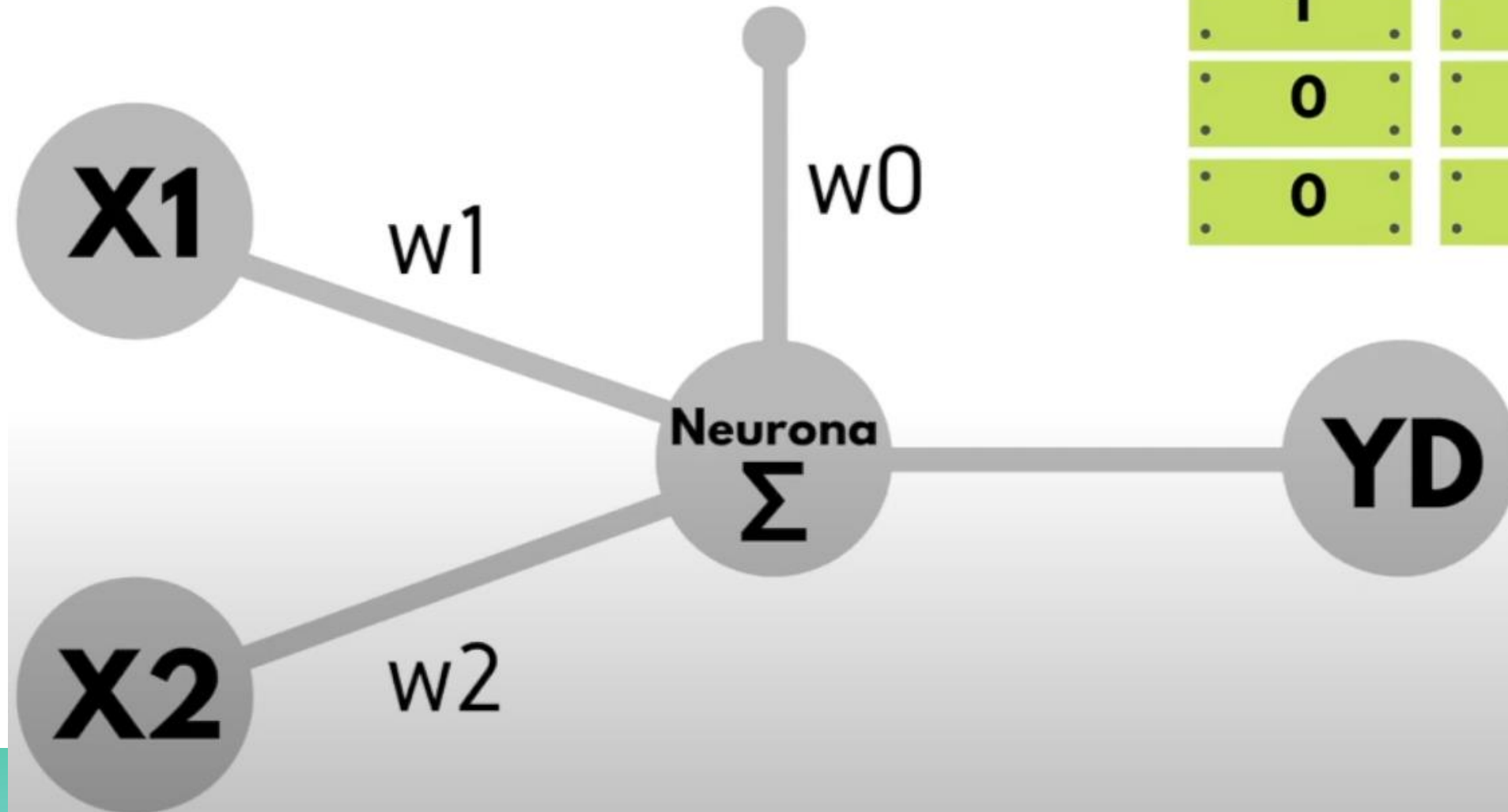


TABLA DE VERDAD AND

X1	X2	X1 AND X2 YD
1	1	1
1	0	0
0	1	0
0	0	0

1RA MODIFICACIÓN

X0	X1	X2	X1 AND X2 YD
1	1	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	0	1	0
1	0	0	0

2DA MODIFICACIÓN

X0	X1	X2	X1 AND X2 YD
1	1	1	1
1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	-1

Función Sumatoria

$$y = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i + (\theta * w_\theta)$$

Donde:

y : Salida de la neurona

x_i : Entrada de la neurona

θ : Constante BIAS (1).

w_i : Peso de la entrada de la neurona

w_θ : Peso de la entrada BIAS

Función de Activación

Si $y \geq 0$ entonces asignamos a y como $y = 1$

Si $y < 0$ entonces asignamos a y como $y = -1$

ITERACIÓN 1

$$y = (w_0 * X_0) + (w_1 * X_1) + (w_2 * X_2)$$

$$y = (0.6473185 * 1.0) + (0.37817776 * 1.0) + (0.33160055 * 1.0)$$

$$y = 1.3570968$$

Como $y \geq 0$ entonces $y = 1.0$

X0	X1	X2	*X1 AND X2* YD
1	1	1	1
1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	-1

PESOS w_n

w_0 : 0.6473185

w_1 : 0.37817776

w_2 : 0.33160055

α : 0.4

Error

Se calcula el error con la formula:

$$\mathit{error} = yD - y$$

Si $\mathit{error} = 0$ entonces continuamos evaluando la siguiente fila con los mismos pesos.

Si $\mathit{error} \neq 0$ se recalculan los pesos con la siguiente formula

$$w_i = w_i + (\alpha * \mathit{error} * x_i)$$

$$\mathit{error} = yD - y$$

$$\mathit{error} = 1 - 1$$

$$\mathit{error} = 0.0$$

CONTINUA...

X0	X1	X2	*X1 AND X2* YD
1	1	1	1
1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	-1

PESOS w_n

w_0 : 0.6473185

w_1 : 0.37817776

w_2 : 0.33160055

α : 0.4

$$y = (0.6473185 * 1.0) + (0.37817776 * 1.0) + (0.33160055 * -1.0)$$

$$y = 0.6938957$$

Como $y \geq 0$ entonces $y = 1.0$

$$\text{error} = y_D - y$$

$$\text{error} = -1 - 1$$

$$\text{error} = -2.0$$

Como error es diferente de 0 se recalculan los pesos

$$w_i = w_i + (\alpha * \text{error} * x_i)$$

Recalculamos los Pesos

$$w_0 = w_0 + (\alpha * \text{error} * x_0)$$

$$w_0 = 0.6473185 + (0.4 * (-2) * 1) \quad w_0 = -0.15268153$$

$$w_1 = w_1 + (\alpha * \text{error} * x_1)$$

$$w_1 = 0.37817776 + (0.4 * (-2) * 1) \quad w_1 = -0.42182225$$

$$w_2 = w_2 + (\alpha * \text{error} * x_2)$$

$$w_2 = 0.33160055 + (0.4 * (-2) * (-1)) \quad w_2 = 1.1316006$$

ITERACIÓN 2

$$y = (w_0 * X_0) + (w_1 * X_1) + (w_2 * X_2)$$

$$y = (-0.15268153 * 1.0) + (-0.42182225 * 1.0) + (1.1316006 * 1.0)$$

$$y = 0.55709684$$

Como $y \geq 0$ entonces $y = 1.0$

$$\text{error} = y_D - y$$

$$\text{error} = 1 - 1$$

$$\text{error} = 0.0$$

X0	X1	X2	*X1 AND X2* YD
1	1	1	1
1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	-1

PESOS w_n

$$w_0 = -0.15268153$$

$$w_1 = -0.42182225$$

$$w_2 = 1.1316006$$

$$\alpha : 0.4$$

$$y = (-0.15268153 * 1.0) + (-0.42182225 * 1.0) + (1.1316006 * -1.0)$$

$$y = -1.7061044$$

Como $y < 0$ entonces $y = -1.0$

$$\text{error} = y_D - y$$

$$\text{error} = -1 - (-1)$$

$$\text{error} = 0.0$$

X0	X1	X2	*X1 AND X2* YD
1	1	1	1
1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	-1

PESOS w_n

$$w_0 = -0.15268153$$

$$w_1 = -0.42182225$$

$$w_2 = 1.1316006$$

$$\alpha : 0.4$$

$$y = (-0.15268153 * 1.0) + (-0.42182225 * -1.0) + (1.1316006 * 1.0)$$

$$y = 1.4007413$$

Como $y \geq 0$ entonces $y = 1.0$

$$\text{error} = y_D - y$$

$$\text{error} = -1 - 1$$

$$\text{error} = -2.0$$

Como error es diferente de 0 se recalculan los pesos

$$w_i = w_i + (\alpha * \text{error} * x_i)$$

Recalculamos los Pesos

$$w_0 = w_0 + (\alpha * \text{error} * x_0) \quad w_0 = -0.15268153 + (0.4 * (-2) * 1) \quad w_0 = -0.95268154$$

$$w_1 = w_1 + (\alpha * \text{error} * x_1) \quad w_1 = -0.42182225 + (0.4 * (-2) * (-1)) \quad w_1 = 0.37817776$$

$$w_2 = w_2 + (\alpha * \text{error} * x_2) \quad w_2 = 1.1316006 + (0.4 * (-2) * 1) \quad w_2 = 0.3316006$$

X0	X1	X2	*X1 AND X2* YD
1	1	1	1
1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	-1

PESOS w_n

$$w_0 = -0.15268153$$

$$w_1 = -0.42182225$$

$$w_2 = 1.1316006$$

$$\alpha : 0.4$$

ITERACIÓN 3

$$y = (w_0 * X_0) + (w_1 * X_1) + (w_2 * X_2)$$

$$y = (-0.95268154 * 1.0) + (0.37817776 * 1.0) + (0.3316006 * 1.0)$$

$$y = -0.24290317$$

Como $y < 0$ entonces $y = -1.0$

$$\text{error} = y_D - y$$

$$\text{error} = 1 - (-1)$$

$$\text{error} = 2.0$$

Como error es diferente de 0 se recalculan los pesos

$$w_i = w_i + (\alpha * \text{error} * x_i)$$

Recalculamos los Pesos

$$w_0 = w_0 + (\alpha * \text{error} * x_0)$$

$$w_0 = -0.95268154 + (0.4 * (2) * 1)$$

$$w_0 = -0.15268153$$

$$w_1 = w_1 + (\alpha * \text{error} * x_1)$$

$$w_1 = 0.37817776 + (0.4 * (2) * 1)$$

$$w_1 = 1.1781778$$

$$w_2 = w_2 + (\alpha * \text{error} * x_2)$$

$$w_2 = 0.3316006 + (0.4 * (2) * 1)$$

$$w_2 = 1.1316006$$

X0	X1	X2	*X1 AND X2* YD
1	1	1	1
1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	-1

PESOS w_n

$$w_0 = -0.95268154$$

$$w_1 = 0.37817776$$

$$w_2 = 0.3316006$$

$$\alpha : 0.4$$

ITERACIÓN 4

$$y = (w_0 * X_0) + (w_1 * X_1) + (w_2 * X_2)$$

$$y = (-0.15268153 * 1.0) + (1.1781778 * 1.0) + (1.1316006 * 1.0)$$

$$y = 2.1570969$$

Como $y \geq 0$ entonces $y = 1.0$

$$\text{error} = y_D - y$$

$$\text{error} = 1 - 1$$

$$\text{error} = 0.0$$

X0	X1	X2	*X1 AND X2* YD
1	1	1	1
1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	-1

PESOS w_n

$$w_0 = -0.15268153$$

$$w_1 = 1.1781778$$

$$w_2 = 1.1316006$$

$$\alpha : 0.4$$

$$y = (w_0 * X_0) + (w_1 * X_1) + (w_2 * X_2)$$

$$y = (-0.15268153 * 1.0) + (1.1781778 * 1.0) + (1.1316006 * -1.0)$$

$$y = -0.106104374$$

Como $y < 0$ entonces $y = -1.0$

$$\text{error} = y_D - y$$

$$\text{error} = -1 - (-1)$$

$$\text{error} = 0.0$$

X0	X1	X2	*X1 AND X2* YD
1	1	1	1
1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	-1

ITERACIÓN 4

$$y = (w_0 * X_0) + (w_1 * X_1) + (w_2 * X_2)$$

$$y = (-0.15268153 * 1.0) + (1.1781778 * -1.0) + (1.1316006 * 1.0)$$

$$y = -0.1992588$$

Como $y < 0$ entonces $y = -1.0$

$$\text{error} = y_D - y$$

$$\text{error} = -1 - (-1)$$

$$\text{error} = 0.0$$

X0	X1	X2	*X1 AND X2* YD
1	1	1	1
1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	-1

$$y = (w_0 * X_0) + (w_1 * X_1) + (w_2 * X_2)$$

$$y = (-0.15268153 * 1.0) + (1.1781778 * -1.0) + (1.1316006 * -1.0)$$

$$y = -2.46246$$

Como $y < 0$ entonces $y = -1.0$

$$\text{error} = y_D - y$$

$$\text{error} = -1 - (-1)$$

$$\text{error} = 0.0$$

X0	X1	X2	*X1 AND X2* YD
1	1	1	1
1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	-1

$$w_0 = -0.15268153$$

$$w_1 = 1.1781778$$

$$w_2 = 1.1316006$$

$$\alpha : 0.4$$

Como en todas las filas evaluadas el resultado fue:

$$\text{error} = 0$$

entonces podemos concluir que la neurona esta entrenada y los pesos ideales son:

PESOS W_n

$$w_0 = -0.15268153$$

$$w_1 = 1.1781778$$

$$w_2 = 1.1316006$$

PESOS w_n

$$w_0 = -0.15268153$$

$$w_1 = 1.1781778$$

$$w_2 = 1.1316006$$

x_0	x_1	x_2	$x_1 \text{ AND } x_2$
1	1	1	1
1	1	-1	-1
1	-1	1	-1
1	-1	-1	-1

$$y = w_0x_0 + w_1x_1 + w_2x_2$$

$$y = (-0.15268153 * x_0) + (1.1781778 * x_1) + (1.1316006 * x_2)$$

Si $y \geq 0$ entonces $y = 1$

Si $y < 0$ entonces $y = -1$

Resultado $y = ?$